uConXS

Documentation Ver 1.1



1.0 Introduction

The uConXS board is a multipurpose baseboard for the SODIMM 200 series of Keith & Koep Trizeps modules. It has been verified with Trizeps-III, Trizeps-IV and Trizeps-V

The board offers the following features:

- Ethernet: 10 / 100 MBit RJ45
- SD/MMC Card connector
- USB: 2 x USB host or 1 x USB host and 1 x Slave
- RS232 via DB9 (DTE, full HS Support)
- GoldCap buffered Real Time Clock (RTC)
- 2 x UART (3.3V) via Extension Connector
- External Power Supply interface (via Extension Connector)
- Audio: Stereo Headphone , Microphone-In (Mono)
- Single power supply (12V)
- VGA output connector for computer monitor
- Universal LCD connector from sub 1/4 VGA to 16bpp TFT SVGA (opt)
- LED backlight source (opt)

2.0 Preface

2.1 Getting started

The uConXS board is designed as a motherboard for Trizeps III/IV/V based on XScale / Marvell PXA255/270/320 prozessors. The first part of this chapter gives a physical description of the board and the second part describes:

- **1.** How to unpack the board and how to make a visual inspection.
- **2.** How to power up the board for the first time.
- **3.** How to connect the board to a host system

2.1.1 Physical description

The dimension of the board is $141 \times 80 \text{ mm}$ (LxW). The physical layout is shown in figure 3 on page 11 and you can find all measures at figure 6 on page 20.

There is a number of assembly options. For more information please contact Keith&Koep sales department: sales@keith-koep.com

The uConXS is equipped with multiple display options:

- Direct display connector this connector fits to EDT 4.3" TFT Display including touch and LED backlight or BOE Hydis 4.3" 800x480 Display (different mounting option)
- VGA converter option 640x480 or 800x600 You can connect to a standard VGA monitor.

A serial connection to a host system is possible by using one of the RS232 interfaces. The serial port is used to connect to the internal bootloader. For more information about the bootloader read:

ftp://www.keith-koep.com/bootloader/Doc/bootloader3.pdf

2.1.2 Unpacking the board

The uConXS contains electronic components that are susceptible to electrostatic discharge (static electricity). To avoid electrostatic damage the board is supplied in an antistatic bag. When handling the card, risk of damage can be diminished by taking a few simple precautions:

- 1. Do not remove the card from the bag unless you are working on an antistatic, grounded surface and wearing an grounded antistatic wrist strap.
- **2.** Keep the antistatic bag the card was supplied in; if you remove the card from a system, store it in the bag.

Normally uConXS is supplied with a Trizeps IV or Trizeps V in the SODIMMsocket. If the SODIMM is not fitted with a Trizeps module when you receive your board, follow the next instructions:

- Slide the Trizeps into the socket taking account of the polarity mark. Do not touch the gold contacts. You can see that there is a polarization mark cut in the Trizeps; this ensures that the module is adjusted correctly. Put the Trizeps module carefully at an angle of about 30 degrees into the socket.
- **2.** Support the underside of the board and push the Trizeps down into the socket. It should click into its place with a gentle click.

Before you install and power up your uConXS, you should perform a short visual inspection for physical damage.

2.1.3 How to connect the board to host system

Use an RS232 null-modem cable to attach the serial interface (J5) on the board to an RS232 port on a terminal or terminal emulator. For example, you could connect it to a PC running Windows and use the Windows Terminal or Hyperterminal application. Configure the terminal to operate at 38 kbaud, 8-bit data, 1 stop bit, no parity, no flow control. If you need more details on choosing an appropriate cable, refer to appendix A.

3.0 Functional specification

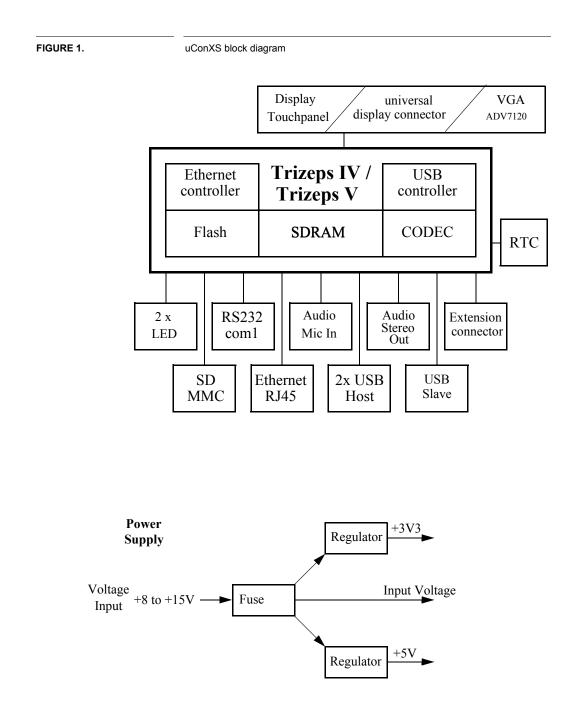
This chapter describes each functional element on the uConXS board. In the next chapters you can find more detailed information about the board and some important hints for programming it. The block diagram on figure 1 on page 5 shows the interconnections of the major elements.

Components of uConXS:

- **1.** Trizeps CPU module
- 2. Real Time Clock PCF 8563 (EPSON RTC8564)
- 3. Power Supply
- **4.** Power generation on board
- 5. VGA connector
- 6. Ethernet
- 7. UART serial ports
- 8. Audio in/out
- 9. Display connector, 4 wire Touch Panel, backlight switch
- $\textbf{10.SD} \ / \ MMC \ connector$
- $\label{eq:linear} \textbf{11.} Powerfail Interrupt$

12.USB host

13.Extension connector



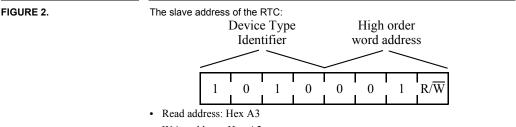
3.1 Trizeps CPU module

The uConXS can operate with all SODIMM 200 modules as Trizeps III, IV, IV-WL and Trizeps V. Please refer to our website to get more informations about the CPU modules.

http://www.keith-koep.com/produkte/xscale-arm-embedded/trizepsmodule.html

3.2 RTC via i2C

uConXS provides a Gold-Cap buffered RTC based on the NXP PCF8563 RTC chip functionality. The board contains the EPSON RTC8564 which is a RTC subsystem, built with a precalibrated XTAL circuit and the NXP chip inside. The clock is supported by the uConXS BSP and can be read by using the Embedded Windows CE (TM) standard APIs. The l^2 C baseadress is 0xA2 (8Bit Address, see below).



Write address: Hex A2

3.3 Power Supply

The +12V power supply is connected usually through a power jack (J4) or optionally using a 2-pin connector by Phoenix. The input voltage range can vary from +8V to +15V. Applying more than +15V can destroy the hardware ! The polarity of J4 is shown below in figure 4 on page 14.

3.4 Power generation on board

The power supplies +5V and +3V3 are generated from the input voltage by two DC-DC converters. The +5V are used for USB. The +3V3 are used for the CPU module, SD-Cards, serial interfaces and other components.

3.5 LEDs

The uCONXS Board has two SMD-LEDs which can be equipped with a light-pipe. D12 is usually wired to be active with power input. There is a mounting option to be active with GPIO13 (TR-IV) = SODIMM Pin 45. The second LED (D13) can be activated with GPIO85 (TR-IV) = SODIMM Pin 69.

3.6 VGA

The uConXS offers an analog video output. It's possible to connect a common desktop PC monitor to the connector J19. The resolution is 640x480 or 800x600. Most PC monitors have an auto config option which should be used to adjust the analog ouput.

3.7 Ethernet

The Ethernet Controller on Trizeps III/IV/V (DM9000 by Davicom) provides 10 / 100MBit interface

3.8 UART serial ports

The uConXS provides four kinds of serial ports:

- USB
- RS232 Standard Full Function COM1 on DB9 (J5) :
- Bluetooth UART on Extension Connector J1
- Standard UART/IrDA on Extension Connector J1

3.8.1 USB Device Controller

The universal serial bus device controller (UDC) can operate half-duplex at a baud rate of 12 Mbps (slave only, not a host or hub controller). The UDC is USB-compliant and supports all standard device requests is issued by the host. The external pins dedicated to this interface are UDC+ and UDC-. The USB protocol uses differential signalling between the two pins for half-duplex data transmission. A 1.5 KOhm resistor is connected between a Trizeps GPIO and the USB cable's D+ signal to pull the UDC+ pin high when not driven. This signifies the UDC is a full-speed, 12 Mbps device and provides the correct polarity for data transmission.

The UDC is accessible by an USB-B connector. However, the user should refer to the Universal Serial Bus Specification, Revision 1.0^1 for a full description of the USB protocol and its operation.

3.8.2 Bluetooth - UART

The Bluetooth UART is available on the extension connector J1. The level of these signals are 3.3V and must be adapted to the levels requested by the user application.

3.8.3 Standard UART

The STUART can be used as an IrDA interface. The infrared communications port (ICP) operates at half-duplex and provides direct connection to commercially available Infrared Data Association (IrDA) compliant LED transceivers. The ICP supports both the original IrDA standard with speeds up to 115.2 Kbps as well as the newer 4-Mbps standard. Both standards use different bit encoding techniques and serial packet formats. Low-speed IrDA transmission uses the Hewlett-Packard Serial Infrared standard (HP-SIR) for bit encoding and an UART as the serial engine; high-speed uses Four-Position Pulse Modulation (4PPM) and a specialized serial packet protocol developed expressly for IrDA transmission. Standard UART is accessible by connector J1. IrDA Mode and IrDA SD signals are not supported on uConXS and might be emulated via GPIOs if needed.

Alternately you can use serial port 2 as an UART.

3.8.4 Full Function UART

A Maxim MAX3243 RS232 transceiver is used to manage the level conversion and line interface. The device has a power saving automatic shutdown that powers down the chip if no valid RS232 levels are detected. Full Function UART is accessible by the male serial port connector J5 (DSUB9M). This port provides RTS, CTS, DSR,

^{1.} The latest revision of the Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 1.0 can be accessed via the World Wide Web Internet side at: http://www.teleport.com/~usb/

DTR, DCD and RI modem signals to support a serial IO port PC synchronous application.

3.8.5 Network SSP Serial Port

The NSSP is a synchronous serial interface that connects to a variety of external analog-to-digital (A/D) converters, telecommunication CODECs, and many other devices that use serial protocols for data transfer. The NSSP provides support for the following protocols:

- Texas Instruments (TI) Synchronous Serial Protocol
- · Motorola Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) protocol
- National Semiconductor Microwire
- Programmable Serial Protocol (PSP)

The NSSP operates as full-duplex devices for the TI Synchronous Serial Protocol, SPI, and PSP protocols and as a half-duplex devices for the Microwire devices. The external pins dedicated to this interface are NSSPTXD, NSSPRXD, NSSPCLK and NSSPFRM. The NSSP is accessible by the extension connector J1.

Note due to an assembly option these pins might be unavailable. It is possible that SSP2 is mounted instead. (schematics)

3.9 Audio In/Out

The Trizeps modules include a single chip, intergrated mixed signal audio and telecom codec (Philips UCB 1400).

The uConXS is usually equipped with two 3.5mm jack chassis sockets for stereo headphones (J9) and for microphone (J10).

Note: The Headphone-GND signal has a +1.75V DC Level and shall not be connected to GND !

3.10 Display connector, 4 wire touch panel and backlight switch

The XScale PXA255/PXA270/PXA320 on Trizeps III/IV/V offer a 16 bit LCDcontroller. The audio and telecom codec (see chapter 3.9, "Audio In/Out" on page 8) provides also a 4 wire touch screen interface. The relevant signals are accessible at J12 see table 7 on page 16.

Using a directly connected display, the LED backlight is sourced by a LED-driver on the uConXS. The backlight intensity can be set with a PWM via the BL_PWM signal.

3.11 SD / MMC connector

A common SD/MMC card socket is integrated on the uConXS, compatible with SDHC (high capacity).

3.12 Powerfail - Interrupt

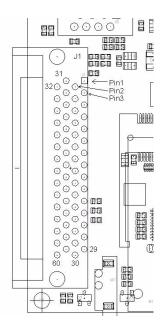
Falling down power supply under ~8V generates an interrupt (Powerfail-IRQ).

3.13 USB Host connector

The uConXS has a double USB A connector (J7) to connect mouse, keyboard, memory cards or others.

3.14 Extension connector J1

uConXS offers a 60-pin high density connector as extension bus. A pin description is given below in table 2 on page 12.



Appendix A

In this chapter you can find detailed description about all headers and connectors on ConXS.

A.1 Overview of all connectors

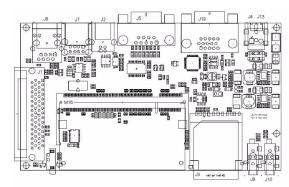
TABLE 1.

Overview of all connectors

| Name | Function | Туре |
|------|--|----------------------|
| M16 | Trizeps connector | SODIMM 200 |
| J1 | Extension connector | JAE TX25-60P-LT-H1E |
| | matching part type | JAE TX24-60R-LT-H1E |
| J2 | USB-B connector | Reichelt USB PCB BW |
| J3 | SD / MMC card connector | ALPS SCDA2A0201 |
| J4 | Power Jack | Lumberg |
| J5 | RS232 connector (FFUART) | DSUB9 male |
| J6 | Internal display connector (bottom side) | JST 40FLZ-RSM1-R-TB |
| J7 | USB-A connector | AMP 787617-x |
| J8 | Ethernet connector | HFJ11-2450E-L12 |
| J9 | Audio in | ST-3500-4N |
| J10 | Audio out | ST-3500-4N |
| J11 | LED Backlight connector (bottom side) | Kyocera-6277 |
| J12 | external Display connector (bottom side) | DF15(x.x)-50DP-0.65V |
| | matching part type | DF15(x.x)-50DS-0.65V |
| J13 | alt. Power supply | MSTBA2,5/2-G-5.08 |
| J14 | alt. Audio out | Header SL1-3 |
| J15 | alt. Audio in | Header SL1-3 |
| J19 | VGA connector | D-SUB15 |

FIGURE 3.

Connector locations (top side)



A.2 Extension bus connector

| Pin | Signal | Description | Trizeps IV GPIO No. | Trizeps V GPIO No. |
|-----|-----------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | CIF_D0 | camera data signal 0 | 27 | 49 |
| 2 | CIF_D2 | camera data signal 2 | 116 | 51 |
| 3 | CIF_D4 | camera data signal 4 | 90 | 53 |
| 4 | CIF_D6 | camera data signal 6 | 17 | 55 |
| 5 | CIF_FV_SPI1_FRM | camera frame valid / SPI 1 frame | 24 | 62 |
| 6 | CIF_LVSPI1_TXD | camera line valid / SPI 1 transceive | 25 | 61 |
| 7 | GND | ground | | |
| 8 | SPI2_FRM | Trizeps IV: CIF_FV_SPI1_FRM (same as pin 5) Trizeps V: SPI 2 frame signal | 24 | 90 |
| 9 | SPI2_CLK | Trizeps IV: CIF_MCLKSPI1_CLK (same as pin 35) Trizeps V: SPI 2 clock | 23 | 89 |
| 10 | GND | ground | - | - |
| 11 | I2C_CLK | I2C clock | 117 | 32 |
| 12 | I2C_DATA | I2C data | 118 | 33 |
| 13 | GPIO_POWERFAIL | powerfail GPIO | 81 | 14 |
| 14 | TXD_2 | standard UART | 47 | 31 |
| 15 | RXD_2 | standard UART | 46 | 30 |
| 16 | GND | ground | - | - |
| 17 | BT_TXD | bluetooth UART | 43 | 111 |
| 18 | BT_RXD | bluetooth UART | 42 | 110 |
| 19 | BT_RTS | bluetooth UART | 45 | 109 |
| 20 | BT_CTS | bluetooth UART | 44 | 112 |
| 21 | AD0 | analog digital converter 0 | - | - |
| 22 | AD1 | analog digital converter 1 | - | - |
| 23 | +3V3 | +3V3 from DC converter | - | - |
| 24 | +3V3 | +3V3 from DC converter | - | - |
| 25 | +5V | +5V from DC converter | - | - |
| 26 | +5V | +5V from DC converter | - | - |
| 27 | EXT_VIN | external power connection | - | - |
| 28 | EXT_VIN | external power connection | - | - |
| 29 | VIN_FUSED | fused +12V supply input | - | - |
| 30 | VIN_FUSED | fused +12V supply input | - | - |
| 31 | CIF_D1 | camera data signal 1 | 114 | 50 |
| 32 | CIF_D3 | camera data signal 3 | 103 | 52 |
| 33 | CIF_D5 | camera data signal 5 | 91 | 54 |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Trizeps IV GPIO No. | Trizeps V GPIO No. |
|-----|-------------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 34 | CIF_D7 | camera data signal 7 | 108 | 56 |
| 35 | CIF_MCLK_SPI1_CLK | camera masterclock / SPI 1clock | 23 | 59 (93) |
| 36 | CIF_PCLKSPI1_RXD | camera pixelclock / SPI 1 receive | 26 | 60 (96) |
| 37 | GND | | | |
| 38 | SPI2_RXD | Trizeps IV: CIF_PCLK_SPI1_RXD | 26 | 92 |
| | | (same as pin 36) | | |
| | | Trizeps V: SPI 2 receive | | |
| 39 | SPI2_TXD | Trizeps IV: CIF_LV_SPI1_TXD (same as pin 6) Trizeps V : SPI 2 transceive | 25 | 91 |
| 40 | GND | ground | - | - |
| 41 | reserved for future use | | - | - |
| 42 | reserved for future use | | - | - |
| 43 | reserved for future use | | - | - |
| 44 | \RESET_OUT | Trizeps reset output | - | - |
| 45 | GP00 | GPIO 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 46 | GND | ground | - | - |
| 47 | GP13 | GPIO 13 | 13 | 16 |
| 48 | GP85 | GPIO 85 | 85 | 13 |
| 49 | GP106 | GPIO 106 | 106 | 58 |
| 50 | GP107 | GPIO 107 | 107 | 57 |
| 51 | \RESET_IN | reset input | - | - |
| 52 | AD3 | analog digital converter 3 | - | - |
| 53 | reserved for future use | | - | - |
| 54 | reserved for future use | | - | - |
| 55 | reserved for future use | | - | - |
| 56 | reserved for future use | | - | - |
| 57 | reserved for future use | | - | - |
| 58 | GND | ground | - | - |
| 59 | GND | ground | - | - |
| 60 | GND | ground | - | - |

TABLE 2.

J1 - Extension connector

A.3 RS232 connector COM1

The connector J5 is a male DB9 connector with the following pin description.

TABLE 3.

J5 - Serial Interface connector (COM 1)

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|-------------|---------------------|
| 1 | FF_DCD_V24X | Data Carrier Detect |
| 2 | FF_RXD_V24X | Receive Data |
| 3 | FF_TXD_V24X | Transmit Data |
| 4 | FF_DTR_V24X | Data Terminal Ready |
| 5 | GND | Ground |
| 6 | FF_DSR_V24X | Data Set Ready |
| 7 | FF_RTS_V24X | Request to Send |
| 8 | FF_CTS_V24X | Clear to Send |
| 9 | FF_RI_V24X | Ring Indicator |

A.4 Power Supply

A Power Jack (J4) is usually equipped on the uConXS. The polarity is shown below Alternatively the board can be equipped with a 2 pin connector (J13). Nominal power supply value is 12V.

FIGURE 4.

Polarity of J4

(-+

TABLE 4.

J13 - Power Supply

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|----------------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1 (pin next to VGA) | GND | Ground |
| 2 (pin next to fuse) | VIN (12V) | Power Supply |

A.5 Ethernet connector

The Ethernet connector is an usually RJ45 connector with integrated traffic LEDs with the following pin description.

TABLE 5.

J8 - Ethernet connector

| Pin | Signal | Description | |
|-----|---------------|------------------------------|--|
| 1 | TD+ | Transmit differential output | |
| 2 | TD- | Transmit differential output | |
| 3 | RD+ | Receive differential output | |
| 4 | CT_T | Center point transmit | |
| 5 | CT_R | Center point receive | |
| 6 | RD- | Receive differential output | |
| 7 | nc | not connected | |
| 8 | CHGND | Chassis ground | |
| 9 | +3V3 | pullup 1K | |
| 10 | ETH_SPEED_100 | Status: Ethernet speed | |
| 11 | +3V3 | pullup 1K | |
| 12 | ETH_LINK_AKT | Status: Ethernet link | |

A.6 USB-A connector

TABLE 6.

J7 - USB-A connector

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|---------|---------------------|
| 1 | VCCB+ | Power Supply |
| 2 | OTG_DM2 | Differential signal |
| 3 | OTG_DP2 | Differential signal |
| 4 | GNDB | Ground |
| 5 | VCCT+ | Power Supply |
| 6 | OTG_DM1 | Differential signal |
| 7 | OTG_DP1 | Differential signal |
| 8 | GNDT | Ground |
| 9 | CHGND | Chassis Ground |
| 10 | CHGND | Chassis Ground |
| 11 | CHGND | Chassis Ground |
| 12 | CHGND | Chassis Ground |

A.7 Display connector J12

This is an universal LCD connector to connect displays from sub 1/4 VGA to 16bpp TFT SVGA. The signals are described in table 7 on page 16.

FIGURE 5.

Display connector (assembly on the bottom side)



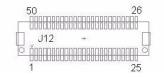


TABLE 7.

J12 - Display connector (50-pin Header)

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | GND | ground |
| 2 | VIN_FUSED | fused +12V supply input |
| 3 | VIN_FUSED | fused +12V supply input |
| 4 | +5V | +5V from DC converter |
| 5 | +5V | +5V from DC converter |
| 6 | +3V3 | +3V3 from DC converter |
| 7 | +3V3 | +3V3 from DC converter |
| 8 | \RESET_OUT | reset output from Trizeps |
| 9 | GND | ground |
| 10 | TSMX | touch screen negative x-plate input |
| 11 | TSPX | touch screen positive x-plate input |
| 12 | TSMY | touch screen negative y-plate input |
| 13 | TSPY | touch screen positive y-plate input |
| 14 | I2C_CLK | I2C clock |
| 15 | I2C_DATA | I2C data |
| 16 | GND | ground |
| 17 | SPI2_FRM | SPI 2 frame |
| 18 | SPI2_CLK | SPI 2 clock |
| 19 | SPI2_TXD | SPI 2 transceive |
| 20 | SPI2_RXD | SPI 2 receive |
| 21 | GND | ground |

TABLE 7.

J12 - Display connector (50-pin Header)

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|---------|--|
| 22 | BL_PWM | PWM for Backlight brightness |
| 23 | USB_PWR | USB +5V (usually not connected) |
| 24 | USB+ | USB data signal |
| 25 | USB- | USB data signal |
| 26 | GND | ground |
| 27 | L_FCLK | display frame clock |
| 28 | L_LCLK | display line clock |
| 29 | DISP_EN | display enable GPIO |
| | | Trizeps IV: GPIO104, Trizeps V: GPIO 124 |
| 30 | L_PCLK | display pixelclock |
| 31 | GND | ground |
| 32 | LDD04 | display data 04 |
| 33 | LDD03 | display data 03 |
| 34 | LDD02 | display data 02 |
| 35 | LDD01 | display data 01 |
| 36 | LDD00 | display data 00 |
| 37 | GND | ground |
| 38 | LDD10 | display data 10 |
| 39 | LDD09 | display data 09 |
| 40 | LDD08 | display data 08 |
| 41 | LDD07 | display data 07 |
| 42 | LDD06 | display data 06 |
| 43 | LDD05 | display data 05 |
| 44 | GND | ground |
| 45 | LDD15 | display data 15 |
| 46 | LDD14 | display data 14 |
| 47 | LDD13 | display data 13 |
| 48 | LDD12 | display data 12 |
| 49 | LDD11 | display data 11 |
| 50 | L_BIAS | display enable data signal |

Functional specification

A.8 USB-B connector

TABLE 8.

J2 - USB-B connector

| Pin | Signal | Description | |
|-----|--------|---------------------|--|
| 1 | VCC+ | Power Supply | |
| 2 | TUDC- | differential signal | |
| 3 | TUDC+ | differential signal | |
| 4 | GND | Ground | |

A.9 MultiMediaCard connector

TABLE 9.

The MultiMediaCard connector J3 has the following pinout:

| Pin | Signal PXA255 (Trizeps III) | Description | Signal PXA270 (Trizeps IV) | Description |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | GPIO08_MMC_CS0 | MMC chip select | MMCDAT3 | MMC data 3 |
| 2 | MMC_CMD | MMC command | MMCCMD | MMC command |
| 3 | GND | Ground | GND | Ground |
| 4 | +3V3 | Power supply | +3V3 | Power supply |
| 5 | GPIO06_MMC_CLK | MMC clock | MMCCLK | MMC clock |
| 6 | GND | Ground | GND | Ground |
| 7 | MMC_DAT | MMC data | MMCDAT0 | MMC data 0 |
| 8 | nc | not connected | MMCDAT1 | MMC data 1 |
| 9 | nc | not connected | MMCDAT2 | MMC data 2 |
| 10 | GPIO12_MMC_DET | MMC card detect (100K pulldown) | MMCDET | MMC card detect (100K pulldown) |
| 11 | +3V3 | Power supply | +3V3 | Power supply |
| 12 | GND | 100k pulldown | GND | 100k pulldown |
| 13 | nc | not connected | nc | not connected |

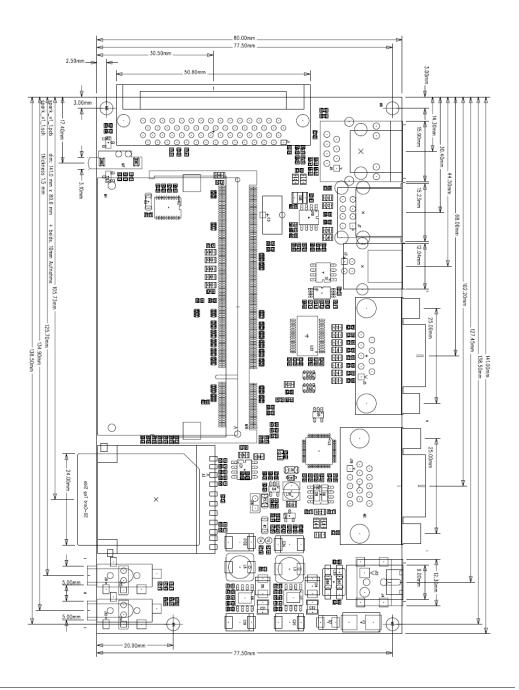
TABLE 10.

J19 VGA connector

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|--------|-----------------------|
| 1 | IOR | analog output red |
| 2 | IOG | analog output green |
| 3 | IOB | analog output blue |
| 4 | n.c. | |
| 5 | GND | digital ground |
| 6 | GNDA | analog ground |
| 7 | GNDA | analog ground |
| 8 | GNDA | analog ground |
| 9 | n.c. | |
| 10 | GND | digital ground |
| 11 | n.c. | |
| 12 | n.c. | |
| 13 | L_LCLK | line synchronisation |
| 14 | L_FCLK | frame synchronisation |
| 15 | n.c. | |



Dimensions of ConXS board (top side)



Revision

Board: uConXS

TABLE 11.

Revision history

| Revision | PCB number | Date | Changes |
|----------|------------|------------|------------------------|
| 1.0 | | 15.04.2008 | initial version |
| 1.1 | | 30.07.2008 | describe on-board LEDs |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Please contact Keith & Koep for further information at: contact@keith-koep.com.